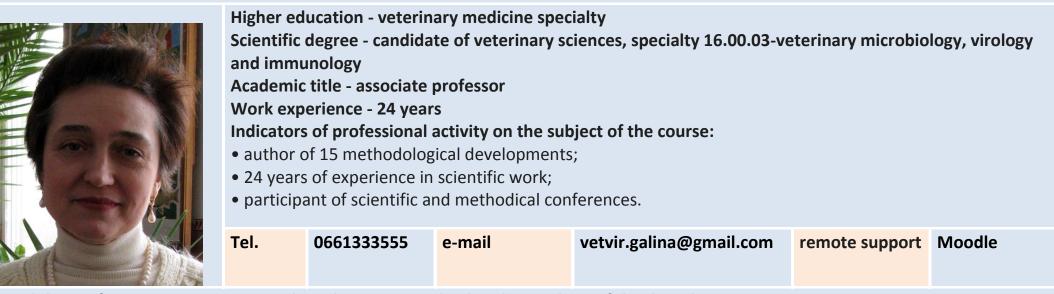
# **SYLLABUS OF THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT**



## **VETERINARY IMMUNOLOGY**

speciality	211 – Veterinary Medicine	Discipline status	mandatory
Field of knowledge	ветеринарна медицина	Faculty	Veterinary Medicine
educational level	Not limited	department	Department of epizootology and microbiology
		TFACHER	

## Harahulya Halina



Candidates of veterinary sciences, Basko Sabina, are involved in the teaching of the discipline

		GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE EDUCATIONAL CO	MPONENT (DI	SCIPLINE)			
The purpose of the discipline		The purpose of the discipline "Veterinary Immunology" is to provide students with the necessary theoretical knowledge and practical skills and abilities on the technique of obtaining and preparing for research biological material obtained from animals for conducting immunological studies, establishing immunological indicators and their further interpretation in the course of diagnosing infectious diseases of animals and establishing their immune status.					
Format		lectures, practical employment (occupations), self-contained work of students, consultations.					
Detailing of learning results and forms of their control		<ul> <li>the ability to observe the rules of personal safety when researching animals, using knowledge about their fixation, follow the rules of personal hygiene, use the rules of asepsis and antiseptics when carrying out any intervention or research</li> <li>the ability to conduct research at an appropriate level, apply knowledge in practical situations, use tools, special devices for carrying out special manipulations during the performance of professional tasks</li> <li>ability to carry out vaccination by enteral and parenteral methods</li> <li>understand and find out the specifics of conducting clinical research in order to form conclusions about the condition of the animal and establish the effectiveness of vaccination</li> <li>ability to abstract thinking, analysis, synthesis, search, processing of information from various sources</li> </ul>					
Scope and forms of	of control	5 ECTS credits (150 hours): 18 hours of lectures, 54 hours of laboratory-practical classes; 60 hours of self-study, modular control (2 modules); final control - differentiated assessment.					
The teacher's requ	uirements	timely completion of tasks, activity, teamwork					
Enrollment condit	ions	"free enrollment"					
		COMPLEMENTS THE STANDARD OF EDUCATION AND THE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM					
Competences	<ul> <li>information from</li> <li>2. Ability to apply</li> <li>3. The ability to a</li> <li>decisions, evaluated</li> <li>4. The ability to a</li> <li>and functioning of the animal body.</li> <li>5. The ability to a</li> <li>professional active</li> <li>7. The ability to a</li> <li>about the conditional the ability to a</li> <li>9. The ability to a</li> <li>specialization.</li> </ul>	y knowledge in practical situations. onduct research at the appropriate level, make informed te and ensure the quality of the work performed. understand and find out the peculiarities of the structure of cells, tissues, organs, their systems and apparatuses of observe the rules of safety, asepsis and antiseptics during vities. onduct clinical research in order to formulate conclusions on of animals or establish a diagnosis. elop prevention strategies. arry out professional activities within the chosen n, organize and implement measures for the treatment of	Program learning outcomes	<ol> <li>PRN 7. Collect anamnestic data during registration and examination of animals, find solutions regarding the choice of effective methods of prevention of animal diseases.</li> <li>PRN 8. Explain the essence and dynamics of the development of physiological processes that occur in the body of animals under the influence of environmental factors and the action of infectious agents.</li> </ol>			

### STRUCTURE OF THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT (DISCIPLINES)

### Chapter 1 Theoretical foundations of veterinary vaccinology

Lecture 1	INTRODUCTION INTO IMMUNOLOGY. THE INNATE DEFENSE MECHANISMS	Practical classes 1 (PC 1)	Rules of work in the immunological laboratory		Theories of the development of immunology. Evolution of the immune system. Scientists-immunologists, laureates of the Nobel Prize -
Lecture 2	Basic molecules of the immune system	PC 2	Study of organs of the immune system		independent biography of an individual
	,	PC 3	Study of immunocompetent cells of various organs		scientist. Morphological features of the structure
Lecture 3	IMMUNE CELLS	PC 4	Study of non-specific immunity factors using the example of lysozyme.		of the central and peripheral organs of the immune system.
		PC 5	Study of phagocytic activity of neutrophils		Types of phagocytes and their functions
Lecture 4	The inflammatory response. Part 1.	PC 6	Obtaining bacterial antigens.		(neutrophils, monocytes, macrophages, SMF). Phagocytosis and complement as
Lecture 5	The inflammatory response. Part 2.	PC 7	Blood serum as a source of immunoglobulins.	×	non-specific factors of immunity. Phagocytosis and complement -
		PC 8	Obtaining hyperimmune sera.	vor	participation in specific immune
		PC 9	Isolation of individual classes of immunoglobulins.	dent v	reactions. The role of T- and B-lymphocytes in
		PC 10	Final lesson (module #1)	<ul> <li>participation in specific immune reactions.</li> <li>The role of T- and B-lymphocytes in immunity.</li> <li>Differentiation of T-lymphocytes in the thymus.</li> <li>The mechanism of lymphocyte circulation.</li> <li>Groups of mediators and their function (pro-inflammatory and anti- inflammatory). Interaction of cellular and humoral factors of immunity during the inflammatory reaction.</li> <li>Superfamily of immunoglobulins (lg).</li> <li>Formation and differentiation of lg.</li> <li>Classes lg. Switching classes lg.</li> </ul>	

### Chapter 2. Clinical veterinary immunology

Lecture 6	Adaptive immune response. Part 1.	PC 11	Serological reactions.		Features of the immune response to
		PC 12	Precipitation reaction (RP) and its modifications (Ascoli reaction, RDP).		different types of antigens (AG). Antigen (AG) and antibody (AT)
		PC 13	The phenomenon of agglutination. Qualitative agglutination reactions (RA).		interaction phenomena and methods of their detection. The role of serological
Lecture 7	Adaptive immune response. Part 2.	PC 14	Quantitative agglutination reactions (RA).		research methods in infectious
		PC 15	Hemagglutination reactions (RHA, RZHA, RNHA)		pathology and their features.
Lecture 8	<b>REGULATION OF ADAPTIVE IMMUNITY</b>	PC 16	Complement binding reaction (CRF).		Methods of obtaining monoclonal
		PC 17	Neutralization reaction (PH)		antibodies
		PC 18	The phenomenon of labels.	rk	Types of diagnostics (AG-no and AT-no),
Lecture 9	Immunity to Bacteria, Virus, Fungi, Helminths and Protozoa	PC 19	Immunofluorescence reaction (IF).	Independent work	methods of their manufacture, application. Peculiarities of preparation of material for research. Comparison of
		PC 20	Enzyme immunoassay	pu	of material for research. Comparison of the sensitivity of different serological
		PC 21	ELISA	epe	reactions.
		PC 22	Monoclonal antibodies.	Ind	Immunohematology: blood groups,
		PC 23	Reaction of rosette formation. Determination of the number of T-lymphocytes. Determination of the number of B lymphocytes		Rhesus factor system, hemolytic disease. Hypersensitivity. Transplantation.
		PC 24	Lymphocyte blast transformation reaction.		Immunodeficiencies. Autoimmune
		PC 25	The use of allergic reactions in the diagnosis of infectious and non-infectious diseases of animals.		diseases.
		PC 26	Immune status of the body		
		PC 27	Final lesson (module #2)		

#### BASIC LITERATURE AND METHODOLOGICAL MATERIALS

rces
=6fwu7AES9z8
=AomdQO0tskU
<u>=vmlLj1aLZ7s</u>
oYnXeAPieN0
=h9lxx6x3HAM
=nwYlk4eB7yA

#### **EVALUATION SYSTEM**

System		points	ACTIVITY TO BE EVALUATED	
Final assessment	100 ECTS points (standard)	up to 50	50% of the average grade for the modules	
		up to 50	final testing	
	100 points totals	up to 50	answers to test questions	
Modular assessment		up to 20	oral answers in laboratory-practical classes	
		up to 30	the result of mastering the block of independent work	
NORMS OF ACADEMIC ETHICS AND CHARITY				
All participants in the educational process (including these cooking education) must adhere to the code of academic integrity and the requirements procession in				

All participants in the educational process (including those seeking education) must adhere to the code of academic integrity and the requirements prescribed in the provision "On academic integrity of participants in the educational process of DBTU": show discipline, education, respect each other's dignity, show kindness, honesty, responsibility