SYLLABUS OF THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT



VETERINARY IMMUNOLOGY

speciality	211 – Veterinary Medicine	cine Discipline status mandatory				
Field of knowledge	ветеринарна медицина	Faculty	Veterinary Medicine			
educational level	Not limited	department	Department of epizootology and microbiology			
TFACHER						

Harahulya Halina



Higher education - veterinary medicine specialty Scientific degree - candidate of veterinary sciences, specialty 16.00.03-veterinary microbiology, virology and immunology Academic title - associate professor Work experience - 24 years Indicators of professional activity on the subject of the course: • author of 15 methodological developments; • 24 years of experience in scientific work; • participant of scientific and methodical conferences. vetvir.galina@gmail.com Moodle Tel. 0661333555 e-mail remote support

Candidates of veterinary sciences, Basko Sabina, are involved in the teaching of the discipline

		GENERAL IN	IFORMATIC	N ABOUT THE EDUCATIONA	L COMPONE	NT			
The purpose of the discipline		knowledge a material obt their further	The purpose of the discipline "Veterinary Immunology" is to provide students with the necessary theoretical knowledge and practical skills and abilities on the technique of obtaining and preparing for research biological material obtained from animals for conducting immunological studies, establishing immunological indicators and their further interpretation in the course of diagnosing infectious diseases of animals and establishing their immune status.						
Format		lectures, pra	lectures, practical employment (occupations), self-contained work of students, consultations.						
Detailing o of their cor	f learning results and forn ntrol	fixation, follo intervention • the ability devices for c • ability to c • understand condition of	 the ability to observe the rules of personal safety when researching animals, using knowledge about their fixation, follow the rules of personal hygiene, use the rules of asepsis and antiseptics when carrying out any intervention or research the ability to conduct research at an appropriate level, apply knowledge in practical situations, use tools, special devices for carrying out special manipulations during the performance of professional tasks ability to carry out vaccination by enteral and parenteral methods understand and find out the specifics of conducting clinical research in order to form conclusions about the condition of the animal and establish the effectiveness of vaccination ability to abstract thinking, analysis, synthesis, search, processing of information from various sources 						
Scope and forms of control			3 ECTS credits (90 hours): 14 hours of lectures, 30 hours of laboratory-practical classes; 46 hours of self-study, current control (2 chapters); final control - differentiated assessment.						
The teache	er's requirements	timely comp	timely completion of tasks, activity, teamwork						
Enrollment	t conditions	"free enrollr	"free enrollment"						
	COI	IPLIANCE WITI	H THE EDUC	CATION STANDARD AND EDU	ICATIONAL P	ROGR	AM		
Competend	GC 2. Ability to GC 3. Knowledg SC 6. The ability laboratory rese	apply knowledge e and understand to select, pack, fi arch. organize and cond	inize and conduct laboratory and special diagnostic studies						
STRUCTURE OF THE EDUCATIONAL COMPONENT									
Chapter 1 Theoretical foundations of veterinary vaccinology									
Lecture 1INTRODUCTION INTO IMMUNOLOGY. THE INNATE DEFENSE MECHANISMS		Practical classes 1 (PC 1)	Rules of work in the immunological laboratory			Theories of the development of immunology. Evolution of the immune system. Scientists- immunologists, laureates of the Nobel Prize - independent			

Locturo	Pasis molecules of the immune system		Study of organs of the immune system		biography of an individual
Lecture 2	Basic molecules of the immune system	PC 2 PC 3	Study of organs of the immune systemStudy of immunocompetent cells of various organsStudy of non-specific immunity factors using the example of lysozyme.		scientist. Morphological features of the
Lecture 3	IMMUNE CELLS	PC 4			structure of the central and peripheral organs of the immune system.
		PC 5	Study of phagocytic activity of neutrophils		Types of phagocytes and their
Lecture	The inflammatory response. Part 1.	PC 6	Obtaining bacterial antigens.		functions (neutrophils,
4		PC 7	Obtaining bacterial antigens. Blood serum as a source of immunoglobulins. Obtaining hyperimmune sera. Isolation of individual classes of immunoglobulins.		monocytes, macrophages, SMF). Phagocytosis and complement as non-specific factors of immunity. Phagocytosis and complement - participation in specific immune reactions. The role of T- and B-lymphocytes in immunity. Differentiation of T-lymphocytes in the thymus. The mechanism of lymphocyte circulation. Groups of mediators and their functions (pro-inflammatory and anti-inflammatory). Interaction of cellular and humoral factors of immunity during the inflammatory reaction. Superfamily of immunoglobulins (lg). Formation and differentiation
					of Ig. Classes Ig. Switching classes Ig.
		Chapter	2. Clinical veterinary immunology		
Lecture 5	Adaptive immune response.	PC 8	PC 8 Serological reactions. Precipitation reaction (RP) and its modifications (Ascoli reaction, RDP).		Features of the immune response to different types of antigens (AG).
		PC 9The phenomenon of agglutination. Qualitative agglutination reactions (RA).PC 10Hemagglutination reactions (HA,HI)		ndependent work	Antigen (AG) and antibody (AT) interaction phenomena and methods of their detection. The
					role of serological research
Lecture 6	REGULATION OF ADAPTIVE IMMUNITY	PC 11	Complement binding reaction (CFT). Neutralization reaction (NT)	Indepe	methods in infectious pathology and their features.
		PC 12 The phenomenon of labels. Immunofluorescence reaction (IF).			Methods of obtaining monoclonal antibodies

Lecture 7	Immunity to Bact Fungi, Helminths		PC 13	Enzyme immunoassay. ELISA.				Types of diagnostics (AG-no and AT-no), methods of their		
			PC 14	Monoclonal antibodies.			manufacture, application.			
			PC 15	Reaction of rosette formation. Immune status of the body. Final lesson.				Peculiarities of preparation of material for research. Comparison of the sensitivity of different serological reactions. Immunohematology: blood groups, Rhesus factor system, hemolytic disease. Hypersensitivity. Transplantation. Immunodeficiencies. Autoimmune diseases.		
BASIC LITERATURE AND METHODOLOGICAL MATERIALS										
 Goldsby, R.A., Kindt, T., Osborne, B. and Kuby, J. (2003) Immunology,5th edition, New York, W.H. Freeman. Tizard I.R. Veterinary immunology. – 9th ed. – Elsevier, 2013. – 615p. 				lition,	ion, Electronic information resources <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6fwu7AES9z8</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=AomdQO0tskU</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vmlLj1aLZ7s</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oYnXeAPieN0</u> <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h9lxx6x3HAM</u> https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=nwYlk4eB7yA					
EVALUATION SYSTEM										
System			points		ACTIVITY TO BE EVALUATED					
5 1				up to 50	50% of the average grade for the chapters			he chapters		
Final assessment		100 ECTS points (standard)	up to 50	final testing						
Rating of section 100 poin				up to 50	answers to test questions					
		100 points totals	up to 20	oral answers in laboratory-practical classes			ctical classes			
					the result of mastering the block of independent work					
NORMS OF ACADEMIC ETHICS AND CHARITY										

All participants in the educational process (including those seeking education) must adhere to the code of academic integrity and the requirements prescribed in the provision "On academic integrity of participants in the educational process of DBTU": show discipline, education, respect each other's dignity, show kindness, honesty, responsibility